Invasive forest pests: Pathways, risk and management

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Dying ash trees in Europe (right) and North America (below) - two different causal agents, both invasive and devastating

Agrilus planipennis (Emerald ash borer)

Hymenoscyphus fraxineus (Chalara ash dieback)

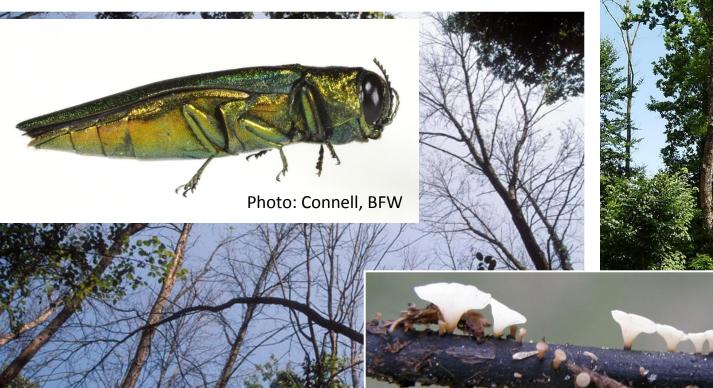




Photo: Kirisits, BOKU

Pathways

Plants for planting Seeds Soils Wood and wood products Wood packaging material Hitchhiking pests Etc.



Pathway wood packaging material

Photos: **BFW**

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Number of consignments with non compliances detected in WPM from China, in the period 1. 4. 2013 till 30.06.2016 by inspectors of the Austrian Plant Protection Service

Period	4-12 2013	1-12 2014	1-12 2015	1-6 2016
Inspected consignments	345	356	382	222
Percentage of incoming consignments	30,8	26,5	41,4	44,9
inspected containers	-	1082	1022	667
Percentage of incoming containers	-	25,8	38,9	44,1
Notification because of presence of harmful org.	29	18	39	42
Percentage of inspected consignments	8,4	5,1	10,2	18,9
Notification because of missing or wrong marking	9	8	6	3

Slide from: H. Krehan, BTSF Training, 2016

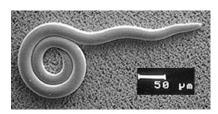
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Our two examples

Asian longhorned beetle (ALB)



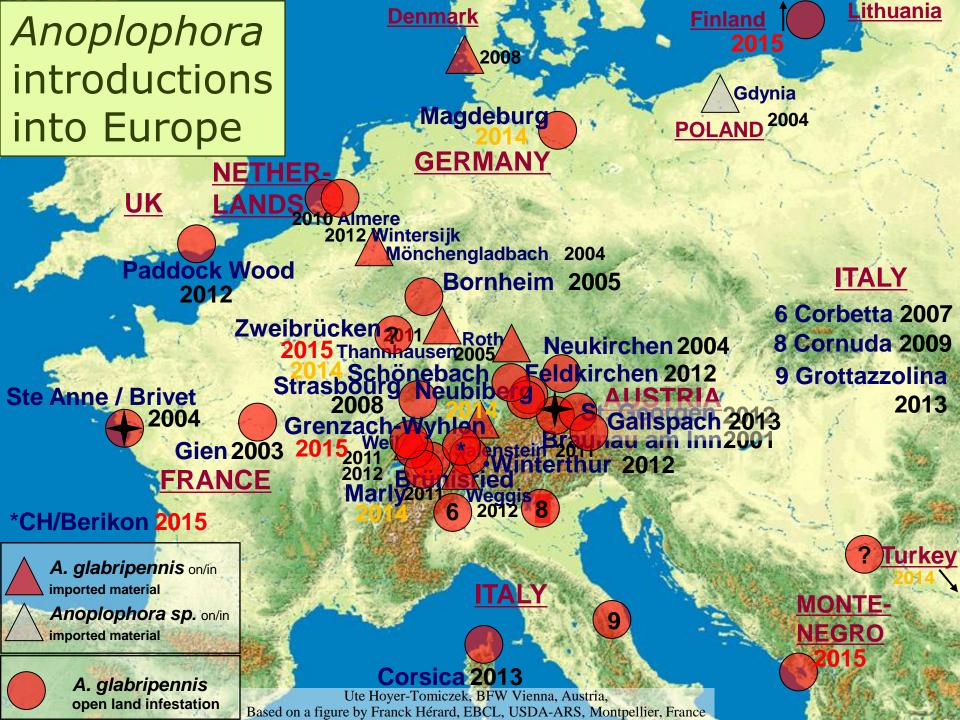
Pine wood nematode (PWN)





Asian Loghorned Beetle (ALB) Anoplophora glabripennis

Photo: Connell, BFW



New ALB Outbreak in Austria Gallspach (detected in Nov. 2013)

Total from 2013-15:

- 150 infested trees detected, felled and destroyed
- > Acer, Aesculus, Salix, Tilia, Fraxinus, Betula, Corylus

L 146/16

EN

Official Journal of the European Union

COMMISSION IMPLEMENTING DECISION (EU) 2015/893

of 9 June 2015

as regards measures to prevent the introduction into and the spread within the Union of Anoplophora glabripennis (Motschulsky)

(notified under document C(2015) 3772)

Import inspection of host plants and timber

Establishment of demarcated area

- infested zone (100 m radius around infested trees)
- buffer zone (2000 m)

Controls on internal movement (plant passport system) Survey program in every member state Monitoring by tree climbers



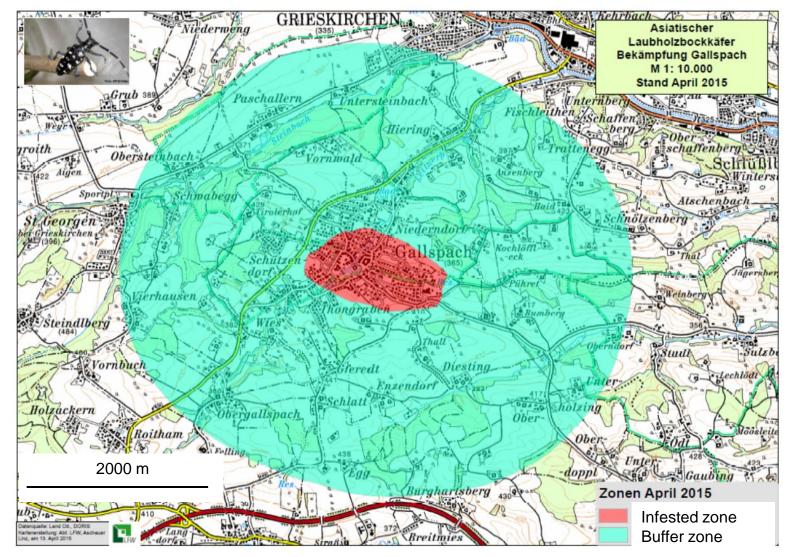


Monitoring by detection dogs and pheromone traps











April 2015: Demarcated area Johann Reisenberger (State Gov. OÖ)

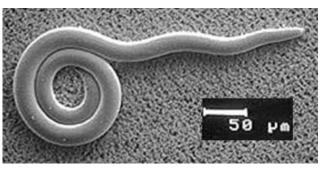
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Pine Wilt Disease

Pine wood nematode Bursaphelenchus xylophilus





Infested areas in EU: Portugal (since 1999, widespread) Spain (localized infestations – intensive eradication effort)

 \rightarrow EU member states must prepare contingency plans

Infested zone Sancti-Spiritus (Spain) → Sanitation clear cut of 500 m radius

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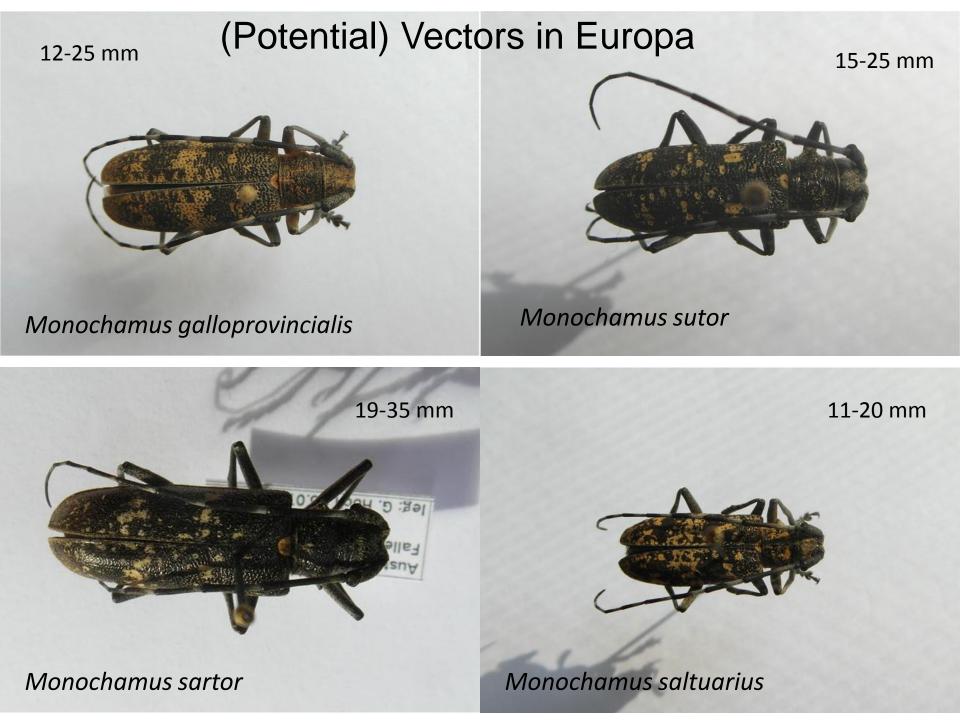


→ Rigorouse measures necessary to prevent spreading of PWN in Europe



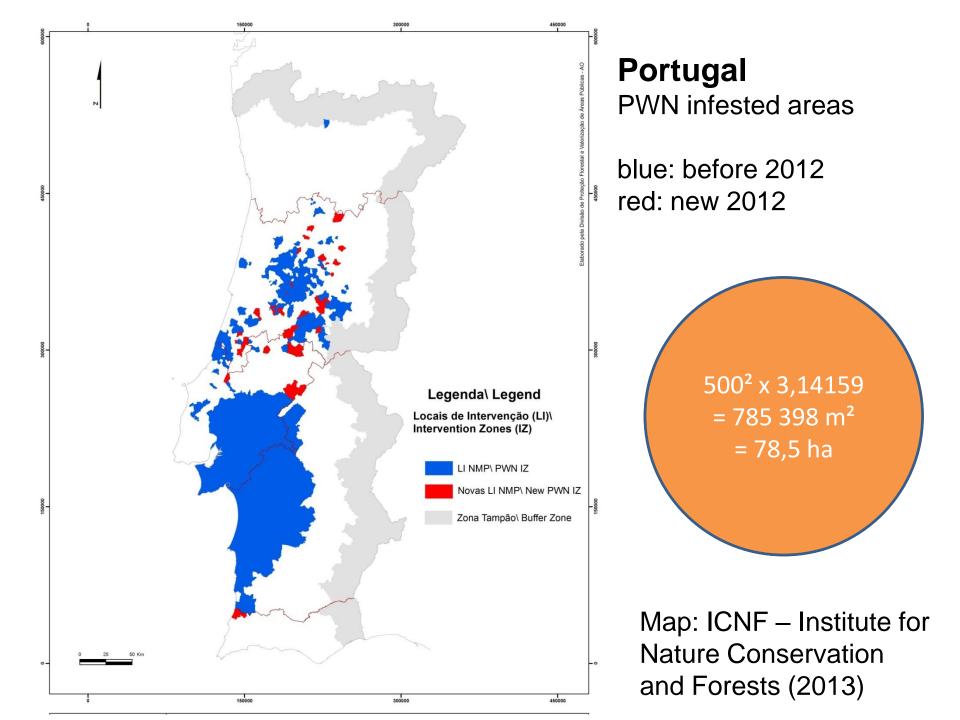
Post pine wilt disease forest in Portugal \rightarrow Eucalyptus

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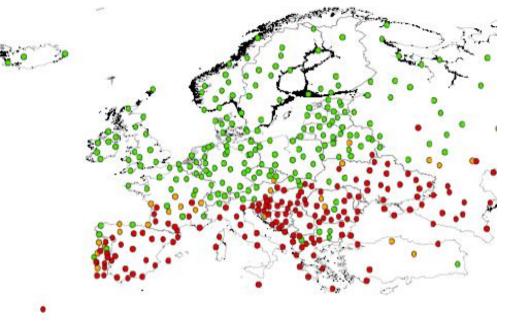




Efficient traps and lures available for vector monitoring (and mass trapping?)



Risk maps for future climate



PWN and climate change

Risk of wilt expression increases with increasing temperature

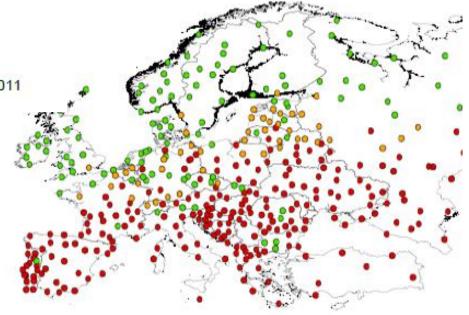


Figure 7.19 PWD risk map for Europe - average MST over 2009-2011

Evapotranspiration model (mid summer temperature, mid annual temperature, time of infection) www.rephrame.eu

Figure 7.21 PWD risk map for Europe - average MST (over 2009-2011) +2°C

Group exercise

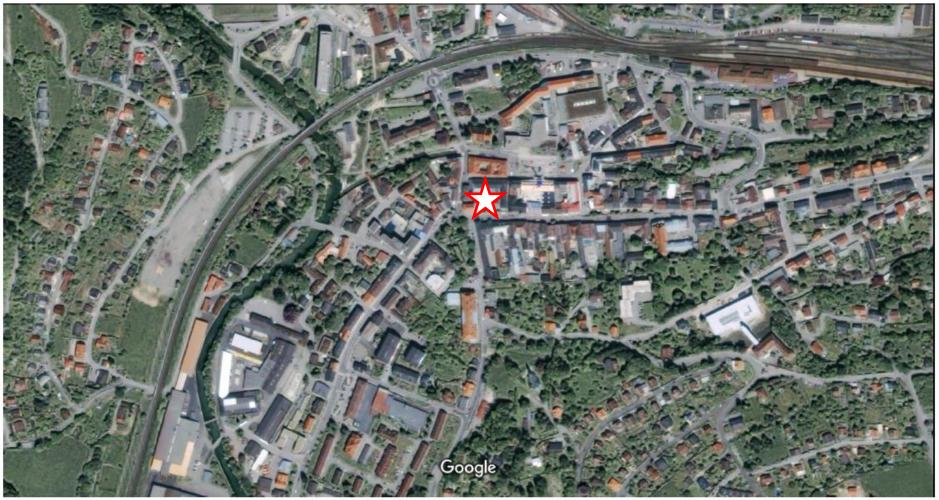
Outbreaks of ALB and PWN detected!

Exercise 1: Plan the first steps to demarcate the area and for eradication of the pest.

Exercise 2: Plan measures for eradication and for prevention of movement of the pest.



ALB outbreak in small town in Austria. In September, a beetle is found by a community gardener during pruning work on the shade trees in the town centre. The specimen was confirmed to be ALB.



PWN outbreak in an Austrian pine forest near a mid size town. In August, a group of *P. nigra* trees showing wilt symptoms is recognized by a forester. Wood samples are taken from one tree and the presence of PWN is confirmed.

